BATTEN LAYOUT OPTIONS

( FOR TILES WITH PROTRUDING ANCHOR LUGS)

OPTIONAL METHOD:
BATTENS WITH SHIMS

BATTENS WITHOUT SHIMS
4 FT. MAX. LENGTH WITH
1/2" SEPARATION THAT
MAY BE VERTICALLY
ALIGNED OR OFFSET

ROOF DECK

DISTANCE DETERMINED FOR
3" MINIMUM HEADLAP BASED
ON TILE LENGTH

OPTIONAL PORTED BATTEN:
MIN. 3/4" WIDE 3/4" DEEP
DRAINAGE PORT MIN. 2 FT. ON
CENTER

Note:
Using a full tile, determine desired overhang at eave
and snap a horizontal chalk line across roof at head
of tile or top of batten. Use of rain gutters and eave
closures should be considered in determining tile
overhang.

OPTIONAL PORTED BATTEN:
MIN. 3/4" WIDE 3/4" DEEP DRAINAGE
PORT MIN. 2 FT. ON CENTER

Notes:
1. For recommended underlayment and fastening requirement, see Table 1A and 1B.
2. Battens shall not be less than nominal 1-inch by 2-inch or other code approved products.
3. Battens shall be no longer than 48" and be separated with 1/2" minimum gaps at ends to allow drainage. An alternate method
permits use of longer batten strips with shims of minimum 1/4" thick decay-resistant material (e.g. asphalt shingle, wood strips
or cap sheet) at each fastener to provide drainage, or other methods approved by local building officials.
4. Battens for tiles with protruding anchor lugs are optional for slopes between 3:12 and 7:12. Direct deck nailing attachment of
tile will be per local building code.
5. Consideration should be given to climate and roof orientation to determine if it is beneficial to specify/use vertical battens over
underlayment, with horizontal battens secured over the vertical battens.
6. See Table 2 and Table 3 for additional batten considerations.

Drawing shown depicts the application of all tile profiles. Unless otherwise noted it would apply to either concrete or clay tiles.